

European VET system and Skillman agreement

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The European Credit system for Vocational Education and Training (ECVET)

- validation and recognition of work-related skills and knowledge acquired in different systems and countries
- to move between different countries and learning environments
- compatibility of VET systems and the qualifications
- employability of VET graduates

European Quality Assurance Reference Framework (EQAVET)

- contribute to quality improvement in VET
- build mutual trust between the VET systems
- make it isear to accept and recognise the skills and competencies

EQAVET is a voluntary system

The European Qualifications Framework (EQF)

- "a common European reference framework whose purpose is to make qualifications more readable and understandable across different countries and systems"
- "a bridge between national qualifications systems"
- eight reference levels defined in terms of learning outcomes
- Learning outcomes express what individuals know, understand and are able to do at the end of a learning process

Knowledge, Skills and Competence



Skillman Project

Skillman project focuses on the Vocational Education & the Training challenges in the transport sector in three specific fields:

- Industry & Production 4.0 Manager
- Robotics
- Composite Materials



Skillman Curricula

- new curricula in the three fields
 - ICT, Robotics and Composite Materials in the Transport sector
- enabling VET representatives and practitioners working in skills requirements in the field of Advanced Manufacturing for the Transport Sector



The Skillman Template

B. Curriculum template	
Module Number and title	
Unit of learning Number and title	
Duration Hours	Lessons hours: Self-study hours: Hands-on hours: Other (please specify): Assessment hours:
Number of ECVET Points (if applicable)	



Learning Outcomes

Learning outcome Number and title				
Competences				
Knowledge		Skills.		
1.		1.		
2. 3.		2. 3.		
Assessment methods (Click appropriate box/s)		exercises and test mination and exercises		
(Color appropriate Solics)		assignment under supervision		
		assignment autonomously, and responsibly.		
	U Otherac	tivities (please specify):		
Assessment criteria				
Description and timing				
Qualifications				
framework				
Reference to EQF and				
NVQ				
Delivery methods	□ Hands-o	-		
	☐ Lectures ☐ Job-shar	/lessons/presentations		
	□ Placeme	_		
	☐ Project v			
	□ Role-pla □ Videotu			
		tivities (please specify):		
Resources.	Readings:			
	Websites:			
	Videos and tuto	rials:		
Activities.				

B. Curriculum template		
Unit of learning Number and title	Introduction to Industrial revolution	
Duration <i>Hours</i>	10	Lessons hours: 4 Self-study hours: 5 Hands-on hours: Other (please specify): Assessment hours: 1

Learning outcome Number and title	1.1 – The industrial revolution
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Competences

- 1. Analyses and defines current and target status.
- 2. Estimates cost effectiveness, points of risk, opportunities, strengths and weaknesses, with a critical approach.
- 3. Creates structured plans; establishes time scales and milestones, ensuring optimisation of activities and resources.
- 4. Manages change requests.
- 5. Defines delivery quantity and provides an overview of additional documentation requirements.
- 6. Specifies correct handling of products, including legal issues, in accordance with current regulations

Knowledge

- 1. Effective frameworks and methodologies for governance plans
- 2. typical KPI (key performance indicators)
- 3. basic decision-making methods
- 4. IPR principles and regulation
- 5. agile techniques
- 6. structured Project Management Methodologies (e.g. agile techniques)
- 7. optimisation methods (e.g. lean management)
- 8. new emerging technologies

Skills

- 1. Identify all potential targets for the product or service
- Define the communication plan; identify key users and create related documentation
- 3. Manage the change request process

Assessment methods (Click appropriate box/s) □ Oral examination and exercises □ Practical assignment under supervision □ Practical assignment autonomously and responsibly

	□Other activities (please specify):	
Assessment criteria Description and timing	In designing their tests the teachers are suggested to set at least one 'Performance-based' assessment.	
	At the end of the module the learners are expected to have acquired a clear aspect on the different industrial revolutions over the different industrial ages. Assessment criteria should:	
	 relate closely to the unit Learning Outcomes, describing those aspects of the Learning Outcome which will be assessed indicate what is required at a pass level, in a positive way help students know what they need to do help students understand what you expect at differing levels of achievement be understandable to all stakeholders be manageable in number be distinct from each other be seen as an indication of achievement .rather than an exact measurement. 	
	Learners, in this unit, are expected to be able to clearly describe the main drivers of the past and current industrial revolution, to identify the enabling technologies which have modified and improved the state of the art in each period (industrial age).	
	Assessment method:	
	In the contest of the teaching session, observed by the mentor/teacher, the learners will demonstrate 5 different example of enabling technologies for the current industrial revolution, ranking them on impact on the current SoTA (state of the art), describing them. For each industrial revolution, learners will identify the most relevant drivers, ranking them for importance.	
Qualifications		
framework Reference to EQF and NVQ	Level EQF V	
Delivery methods	□ Hands-on	
	⊠ Lectures/lessons/presentations	
	□Job-shadowing	
	□Placement	
	⊠ Project work	
	□Role-play	
	□Video tutorials	
	☐ Other activities (please specify):	

Resources

Readings:

Industry 4.0: The New Industrial Revolution, Deloitte Study 2015

The Industrie 4.0 transition: How it reshuffles the economic, social and industrial model, Max Blanchet (Roland Berger), April 2016

Shaping the Digital Transformation Plattform Industrie 4.0, Thomas Hahn, Siemens AG | February 8th, 2017

BDC Study: Industry 4.0: The New Industrial Revolution, May 2017

Design Principles for Industrie 4.0 Scenarios: A Literature Review Hermann, Mario Pentek, Tobias* Otto, Boris. Working Paper No. 01 / 2015

Industry 4.0 Digitalization for productivity and growth. Briefing September 2015. Ron Davies, EPRS (European Parliamentary Research Service)

Industrie 4.0, Smart manufacturing for the future. William MacDougall, Germany trade and invest, July 2014.

2016 Global Industry 4.0 Survey. Industry 4.0: Building the digital enterprise. Dr. Reinhard Geissbauer, Head of EMEA Industry 4.0 Digital Operations Team (PWC)

From Industry 4.0 to Digitising Manufacturing, An End User Perspective, Conference Papers. Manufacturing Technology Centre Pilot Way, Ansty Business Park, Coventry CV7 9JU

Industry 4.0 Making your business more competitive, 2017 CGI GROUP INC.

Industry 4.0 How to navigate digitization of the manufacturing sector, McKinsey Digital 2015.

Industry 4.0, the future of productivity and growth in manufacturing industries, BCG (Boston Consulting Group), April 2015

On the Way to Industrie 4.0 – The Digital Enterprise, Klaus Helmrich, Member of the Managing Board of Siemens AG, 2015

Industry 4.0 – Opportunities and challenges of the industrial internet, Dr. Reinhard Geissbauer, Head of EMEA Industry 4.0 Digital Operations Team (PWC), 2015

Websites:

www.pwc.com/industry40

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Industrial Revolution

Videos and tutorials:

Coal, Steam, and The Industrial Revolution: Crash Course World History #32:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zhL5DCizj5c

The next manufacturing revolution is here | Olivier Scalabre. TED (2016):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AyWtlwwEgS0

Documentary | The Fourth Industrial Revolution. World Economic Forum (2016):

























